

Status of GA ARIES-AT Physics Study

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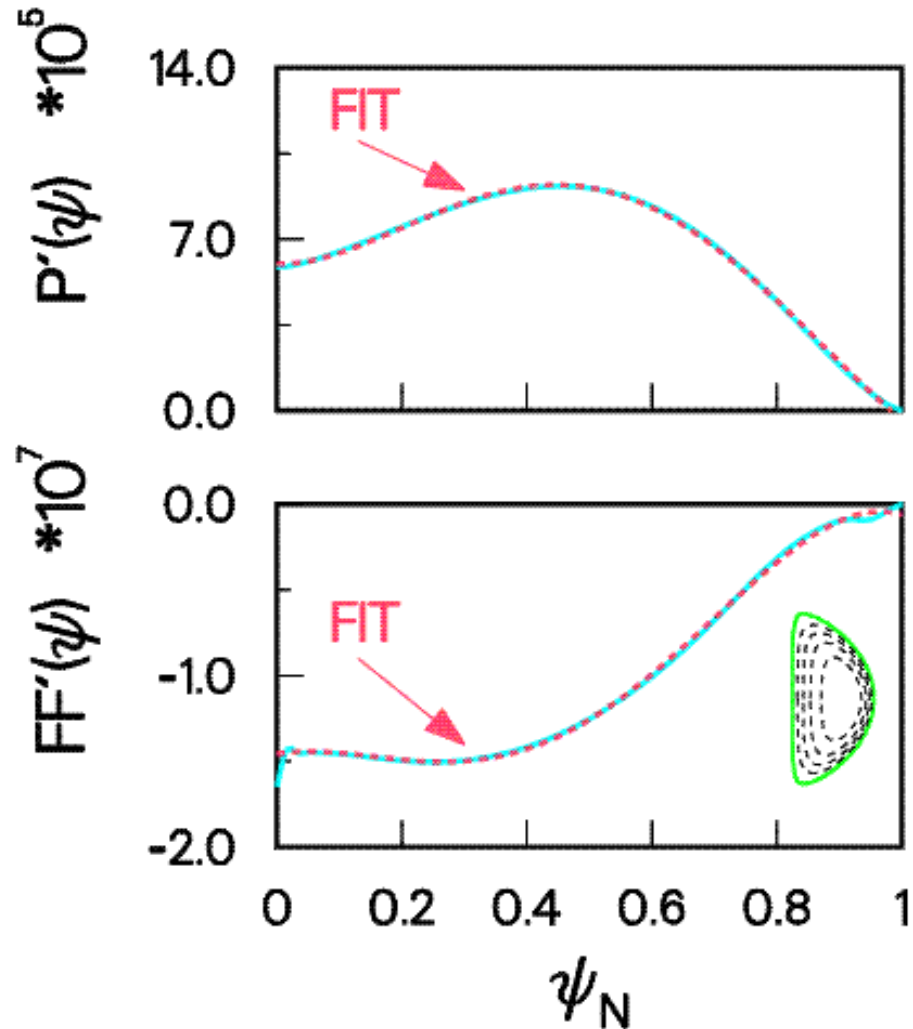
OUTLINE/SUMMARY

- H-mode pressure and current profiles and X-point improve ballooning stability
- A rotational drive $\sim 0.1 \Omega_{\text{Alf}}$ is essential to keep open the stability operation window against the $n = 1$ ideal kink/ballooning mode and the resistive wall mode (RWM)
- A skin time $\tau_{\text{L/R}} > 10$ ms is crucial to keep the power requirement for the $n = 1$ RWM feedback coil at a modest level
- Self-consistent physics-based transport simulations indicate the optimized pressure and current profiles can be sustained with a peaked density profile
- Preliminary estimates indicate that 50-100 MW of ICH power may be needed to provide a rotational drive $\sim 0.1 \Omega_{\text{Alf}}$
- High radiated fraction of the total exhausted power (> 0.5) by adding impurity such as Ar is essential to keep the peaked heat fluxes at a manageable level (< 10 MW/m²)



PPPL COMPUTED EQUILIBRIUM IS USED AS BASE CASE

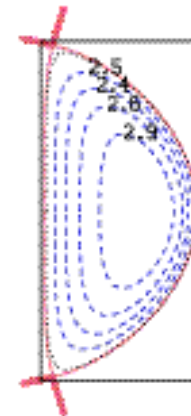
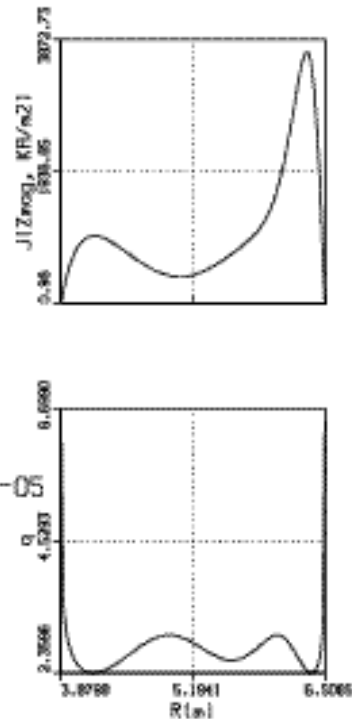
- Pressure and current profiles from PPPL L-mode reference equilibrium EQDSK file without X-point are fitted to polynomial basis functions
- L- and H-mode like equilibria with X-point are then computed using EFIT by perturbing the base equilibrium obtained from the fitted profiles



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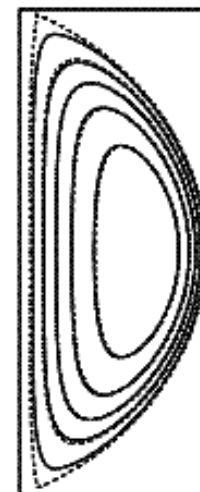
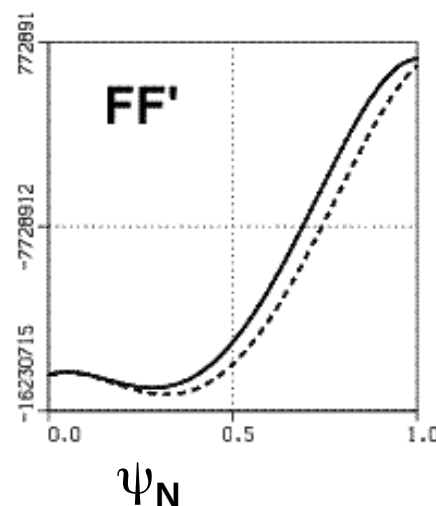
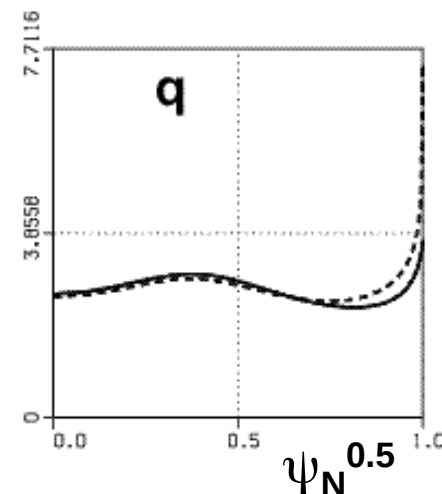
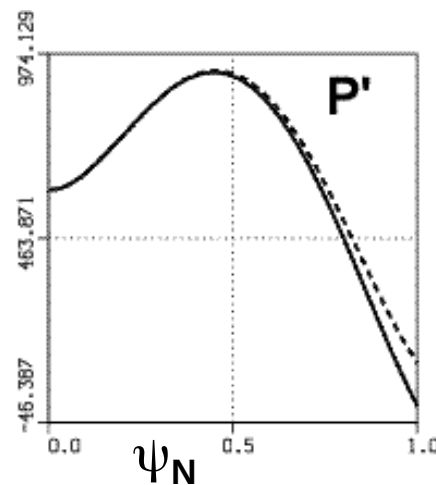
h EFITD 129x2d 02/05/98 h r000509.015407TK
date ran = 9-May-00
shot # = 509
t(ms,us) = 1540 0
chi2(mag) = 1.494E-27
rout(cm) = 519.36
zout(cm) = .000
a(cm) = 131.49
elong = 2.187
utri,ltri = .90 .90
indent = .000
V,A(m3,2) = 345.1 11.05
energy(j) = 6.741E+08
betat(%) = 9.34
betap = 2.43
beton,ln = 5.66 1.65
li,y2 = .47 -.63
error, # = 8.034E-09 41
delstar = 2.2E-07 4.0E-05
fpols(kA) = .0
JOn,JIn = .63 .00
ql,q95 = 6.54 3.16
dsep(cm) = 6.857
rm,rc(cm) = 558.1 530.5
zm,zc(cm) = .00 .00
betapd,w = 1.21 .00
betatd,w = 4.64 .00
wdia(J) = 3.349E+08
wtor(J) = .000E+00
data used:
lp(ka) = 12850.7
bt0(it) = 5.911
0 flux loops
0 magnetic probes
1 rogaw 0 fc 0 ec
lcp, lvs = 0 0
kf, kp, E = 5 5 0
fpd, p, E = .0 .0 .0
fvbp, fvq = .0 .0
Ze(cm) = .000
relax = .500
kcf, kcp = 4 5

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H-MODE LIKE EQUILIBRIA WITH X-POINT ARE OBTAINED BY PERTURBING THE L-MODE BASE EQUILIBRIUM

- Core pressure and current profiles are kept as similar to the L-mode base case as possible
- $P'(1) \sim 0.2 P'(0)$,
 $\langle J_T \rangle(1) \sim 0.38 J_{ave}$



H-MODE LIKE EQUILIBRIUM WITH X-POINT IS COMPUTED USING EFIT

h EFITD 129x2d 02/05/98 h r000509.035407TK

date ran = 10-May-00

shot # = 509

t(ms,us) = 3540 0

chi2(mag) = 3.735E-28

roul(cm) = 518.68

zoul(cm) = .000

a(cm) = 132.81

elong = 2.243

utri,ltri = .93 .93

indent = .001

V,A(m3,2) = 353.1 11.34

energy(j) = 7.150E+08

betat(%) = 9.66

betap = 2.67

betan,ln = 5.92 1.63

li,y2 = .47 -.64

error, = 7.044E-09 40

delstar = 3.5E-07 3.5E-05

fpols(kA) = .0

JOn,JIn = .65 .38

ql,q95 = 7.45 3.55

dsep(cm) = 6.534

rm,rc(cm) = 558.8 531.6

zm,zc(cm) = .00 .00

betapd,w = 1.25 .00

betatd,w = 4.54 .00

wdia(J) = 3.357E+08

wtor(J) = .000E+00

data used:

ip(ka) = 12850.7

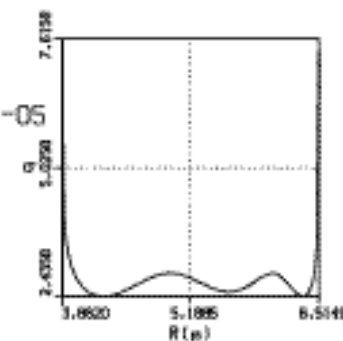
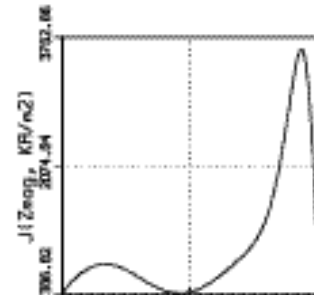
blo(t) = 5.911

0 flux loops

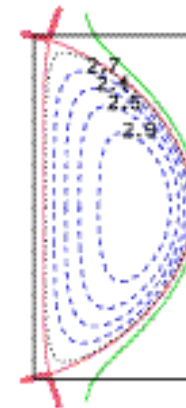
0 magnetic probes

1 ragow 0 fc 0 ec

scrapof(mm) 100.0

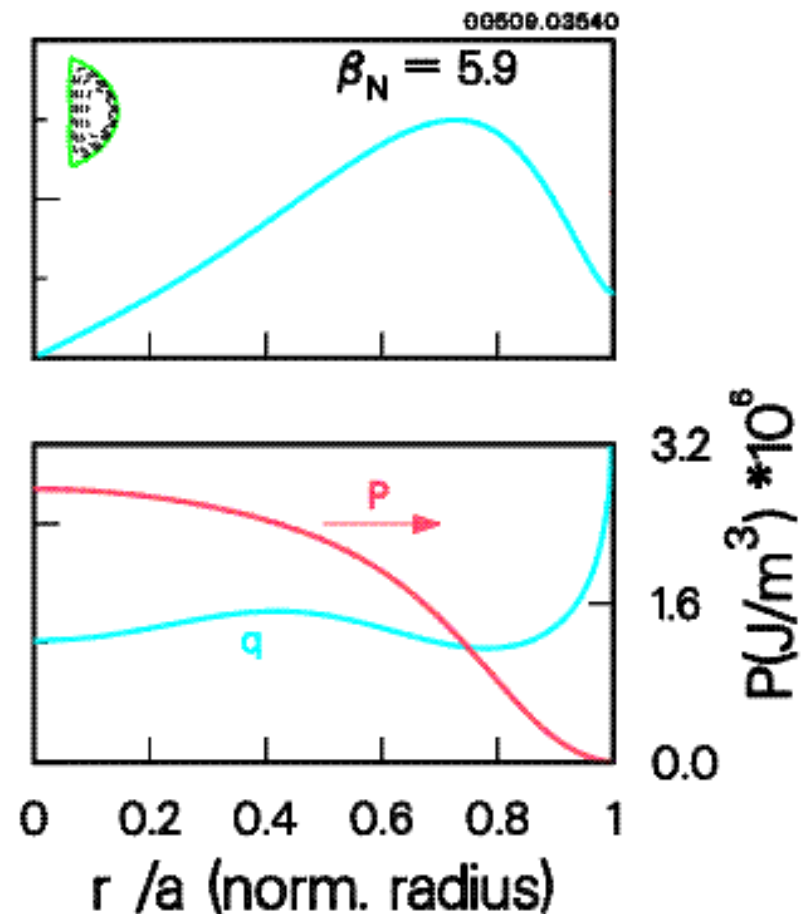
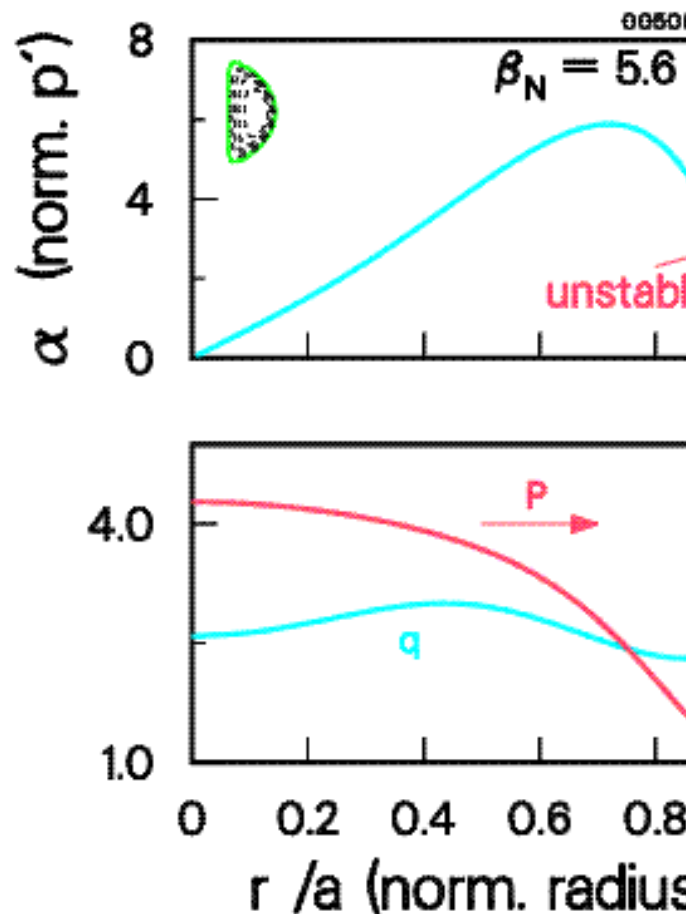


lcp, lvs=	0	0
kf, kp, E=	5	5
fpd, p, E=	.0	.0
fwbp, fwq=	.0	.0
Zelcm)	.000	
relax =	.500	
kcf, kcp=	4	5



BALLOONING STABILITY IS IMPROVED BY H-MODE LIKE PRESSURE AND CURRENT PROFILES AND X-POINT

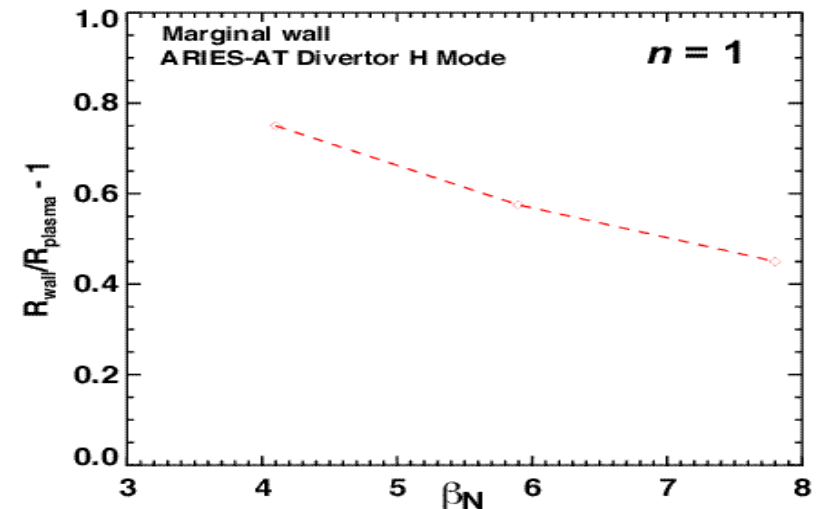
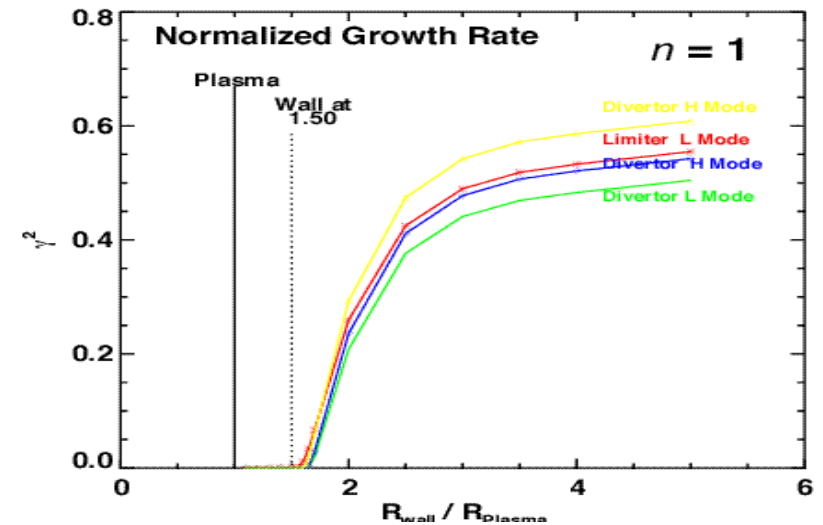
- Low n modes are stabilized by a close fitting conducting wall



LOW n MODES ARE STABILIZED BY A CONDUCTING WALL

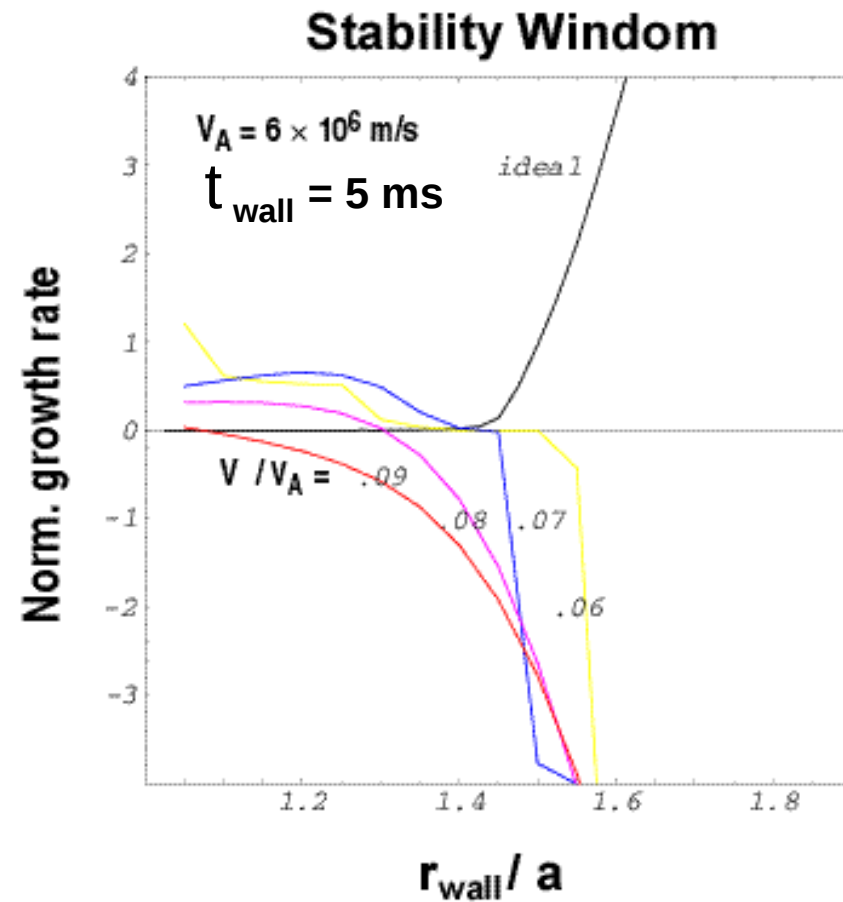
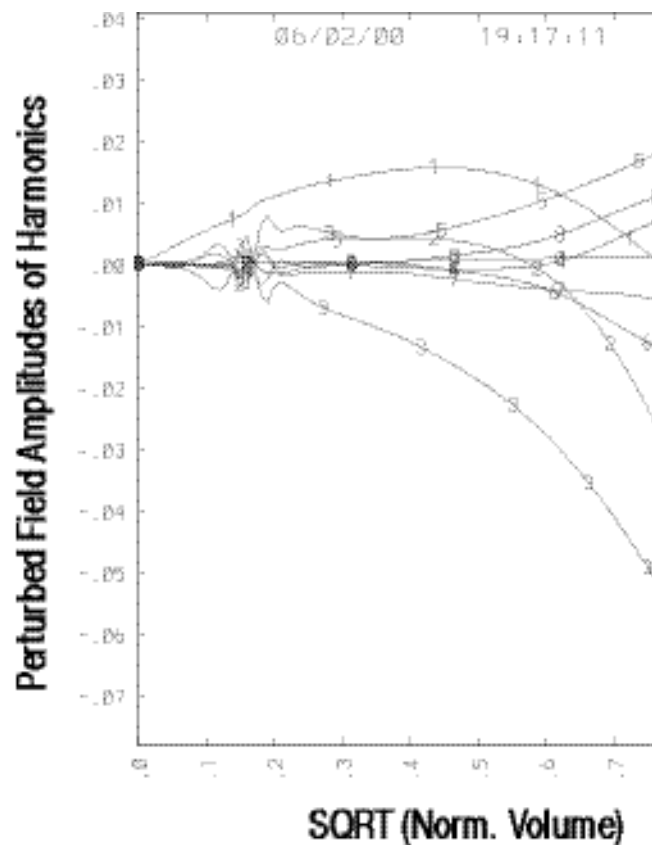
- Low n modes computed using GATO

	Marginal Wall $n = 1$	Marginal Wall $n = 2$
L-Mode Limiter $b_N = 5.6$	1.525	1.450
L-Mode Divertor $b_N = 5.6$	1.600	1.475
H-Mode Divertor $b_N = 5.8$	1.550	1.475
H-Mode Divertor $b_N = 5.9$	1.575	1.450



ROTATIONAL DR STABILITY WINDOW

- $n = 1$ stability computed us



PRELIMINARY ESTIMATES INDICATE THAT 50-100 MW OF ICH POWER IS NEEDED TO DRIVE A ROTATION $\sim 0.1 \Omega_{\text{ALF}}$

- From Perkins et al (2000 EPS)

$$\Omega(\phi) = \int d\phi T / qV' \langle nMR^2 \chi \ddot{\Psi}^2 \rangle$$

ICH	$r/a = 0.17$	$r/a = 0.34$
$V(0)/V_A$	2.1×10^{-3}	1.1×10^{-3}
	$P(\text{MW})t_E(\text{s})$	$P(\text{MW})t_E(\text{s})$

- Detailed physics remains to be explored experimentally. Some indications from C-MOD

