



Stanley Skupsky University of Rochester Laboratory for Laser Energetics High Average Power Laser Program Workshop NRL 5–6 December 2002

Contributors



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Direct-drive IFE target designs can have gains approaching 300



- wetted foam for enhanced laser absorption and
- an intensity picket for adiabat shaping and imprint reduction.
- The target design concepts can be tested with experiments on the OMEGA laser

High-gain target designs combine wetted foam with adiabat shaping

Moderate-Z material increases laser absorption without significant radiation preheat. 400 CH(DT)₂₀ 5 MJ Power (TW DT 300 200 3.1 mm 100 Ο 10 20 30 Λ Time (ps) Intensity spike reduces imprint and shapes adiabat.

Target gains of ~300 are possible for direct-drive IFE designs using wetted foam and adiabat shaping

LLE



NIF

Wetted-foam targets have higher laser absorption than DT, allowing more fuel and higher gain

Foams have been used previously to selectively radiatively preheat the ablator.¹



- The foam also protects the fuel from preheat due to radiation from the CH.
- A lower-gain (G = 80), more-stable target with $CH(DT)_4$ foam has also been designed.

A "picket" prepulse provides increased stability

- A high-intensity picket results in a decaying shock.
- This results in an adiabat that decreases throughout the shell, stabilizing the outer surface without preheating the fuel.



Growth Factors

2-D linear growth-factor calculations show only moderate growth of nonuniformities



OMEGA

Stabilizing effects of adiabat shaping can be tested on the "all-DT," α = 3 OMEGA target design

LLE Two pulse shapes were considered 10 Power (TW) **DT** ice **85** μ**m** 1 -430 µm-1.0 1.5 2.0 0.0 0.5 2.5 Time (ns) 10 8 V_a (µm/ns) Shaped adiabat 6 4 2 0 25 50 175 75 125 200 0 150 100 **Distance traveled** (µm)

Enhanced stability during acceleration is predicted for the picket design

- 1-THz, 2-D SSD, 80-nm outer surface roughness, 1 μ m inner ice roughnes
- The bubble amplitude is calculated using the stability postprocessor.¹



¹V. N. Goncharov *et al.*, Phys. Plasmas <u>7</u>, 5118 (2000).

OMEGA

Mode decomposition shows the effect of the picket on the laser imprint amplitudes¹ and RT growth rates



¹T. J. B. Collins and S. Skupsky, Phys. Plasmas <u>9</u>, 275 (2002).

Wetted-foam experiments on OMEGA could produce $30 \times$ the neutron yield as all-DT experiments due to increased laser absorption

OMEGA Designs (α = 3)

	All DT Wetted foar		
Neutron yield	1.1 \times 10 ¹⁴ 3.6 \times 10 ¹⁵		
Gain	0.01 0.3		
Absorption (%)	40	73	
Peak ρR (g/cm ²)	0.25 0.57		
Adiabat (α)	3	2.5	
Shell velocity (cm/s)	3.7 × 10 ⁷	4.7 × 10 ⁷	

High gain for IFE requires the shift to low implosion velocities and reduced fuel adiabats

	1.5 MJ		5 MJ	
Gain	100	137	170	270
V (× 10 ⁷ cm/s)	4	3	3	2.4
ρ R (g/cm²)	2	2	3	3
Adiabat (α)	2	1.5	1.5	1.3
Absorption	92 %	87 %	88%	90%
Bubble/thickness	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.05

Summary/Conclusions

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